

JV-003-001537

Seat No. _____

B. Sc. (Sem. V) (CBCS) Examination

October - 2019

IC-501: Dyes-1 & Petrochemicals

Faculty Code: 003 Subject Code: 001537

Time : 2:30 Hours] [Total Marks : 70

Instructions: (1) All the questions are compulsory.

- (2) Figures to the right indicate maximum marks.
- (3) Draw labelled diagram wherever necessary.
- (4) Assume suitable data.
- (5) Question-1 carries 20 marks.
- (6) Question-2 and 3 carry 25 marks each.
- 1 Answer the following questions:

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- (1) Indigo is an example of _____ dye.
- (2) "Color of a substance is due to quinonoid condition" concept was given by?
- (3) According to Molecular orbital theory $n \to \sigma^*$ transition requires highest energy.

 (True/False)
- (4) Give the structure of H-acid
- (5) Enlist various effluent treatment plant equipments.
- (6) is the structure of which dye intermediate?
- (7) Give one function of dispersing agent.
- (8) Who defined Reactive dye?
- (9) Dibenzathrone can be prepared from?
- (10) Give one example of Acid azo dye.

	(11)	Which solvent can be used for extraction of BTX ?	
	(12)	Enlist uses of Ethylene.	
	(13)	What is HTS & LTS in Natural gas Steam reforming?	
	(14)	In manufacturing of ethylene oxide, catalyst is used.	
	(15)	is the intermediate product of the manufacturing of acetic acid from ethylene.	
	(16)	α -naphthol is used as insecticide Sevin. (True/False)	
	(17)	Methacrylic acid is synthesized from	
	(18)	Which catalysts are involved in the manufacturing of Glycerol?	
	(19)	In manufacturing of acrylic acid, oxidation can be controlled by admission of	
	(20)	In manufacturing of isobutanol, which two unit processes are involved?	
2	(a)	Answer any three:	6
		(1) Give chemical reaction for manufacturing of Acetic Acid.	
		(2) By which processes, Acrylonitrile can be produced?	
		(3) Give chemical reaction for Phthalic anhydride from oxidation of Naphthalene.	
		(4) Explain: Basic dyes in brief.	
		(5) Define: (i) Direct dye, (ii) Oxidation dye.	
		(6) Explain: Acetone is colorless while biacetyl is yellow in color.	

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(b)	Answer any three:		
	(1)	Draw process flow diagram and uses of Carbon disulphide.	
	(2)	Give chemical reaction and uses of toluene diisocynates.	
	(3)	Draw only process flow diagram for manufacturing propylene oxide.	
	(4)	Explain: Ethylene is colorless but β -Carotene is Orange red.	
	(5)	Give synthesis of Indanthrene Yellow 4GK	
	(6)	Give limitations of poor plant layout.	
(c)	Ans	wer any two:	10
	(1)	Explain manufacturing of Hydrogen cynide in detail.	
	(2)	Discuss manufacturing of Maleic anhydride in detail.	
	(3)	Discuss SNG Production via partial oxidation in detail.	
	(4)	Discuss: Molecular Orbital Theory in detail.	
	(5)	Give any two synthesis of Indigo.	
(a)	Answer any three:		
	(1)	Enlist properties and uses of methanol.	
	(2)	Write a chemical reaction for β -naphthol from naphthalene.	
	(3)	Enlist properties and uses of butadiene.	
	(4)	Explain: p-Nitro phenol is colorless but in yellow in alkaline solution	

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(5) Define: (i) Fastness Properties, (ii) Dye

(6) Explain: VAT dyes in brief.

(b) Answer any three:

of Cumene.

(1)

- Draw only process flow diagram for manufacturing
- (2) Give chemical reaction for styrene production.
- (3) Draw only process flow diagram for Naphtha steam reforming.
- (4) Give the synthesis of Disperse Red 4.
- (5) Give synthesis of VAT blue 4.
- (6) Give synthesis of Caledone Jade Green.

(c) Answer any two:

10

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- (1) Explain manufacturing of caprolactum in detail.
- (2) Discuss manufacturing of Acetylene in detail.
- (3) Explain: Manufacturing of Indanthrene Rubene-R in detail.
- (4) Describe: Witt's theory in detail.
- (5) Explain: Manufacturing of Reactive Red in detail.